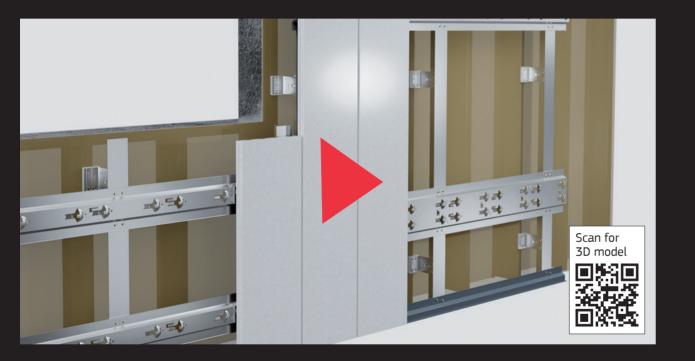
QV3.3 AGROB BUCHTAL KeraTwin[®] K20 TERRACOTTA PANELS VERTICAL FIXING



- + THE MOST ADVANCED FIXING SYSTEM FOR TERRACOTTA PANELS
- + IMPROVED INSTALLATION SPEED USING FEWER COMPONENTS
- + BUILT-IN ADJUSTABILITY
- + THERMALLY BROKEN BY MEANS OF THERMO-PADS
- + A1 NON-COMBUSTIBLE
- + 100% RECYCLABLE

CLADDINGS

Only terracotta panels KeraTwin® K20 made by Agrob Buchtal

- The QV3.3 system is designed to attach vertical terracotta panels by Agrob Buchtal, using specialized horizontal Omega system rails and horizontal Omega-S rails.
 - QV3.3 can be used on stud wall, concrete, and masonry (CMU) substrates.
- > The Omega-S rails support the dead load of the terracotta panels, while the Omega system rails absorb the wind load.
- > Both Omega and Omega-S rails are attached to vertical T and L profiles.
- > The vertical profiles are attached to QVB wall brackets via a series of fixed and sliding connections.
- > The wall brackets come with a thermo-pad to reduce thermal bridging and prevent galvanic corrosion.

+	COMPONENTS	MATERIAL	NOTES
+	K20 system rails	Extruded aluminum, alloy AW 6063 T6	Unpainted, RAL painted upon request, anodized 12 µm (or more upon request)
+	Omega-S rails	Extruded aluminum, alloy AW 6063 T66	RAL7021 painted, unpainted, anodized 12 µm (or more upon request)
+	Vertical profiles	Extruded aluminum, alloy AW 6063 T66	Unpainted, RAL painted, anodized 12 μm (or more upon request)
+	QVB wall brackets	Extruded aluminum, alloy AW 6063 T6	Cavity depth from 57 mm [2 1/4"] to 285 mm [11 3/16"], Built-in in/out adjustability of 35 mm [1 3/8"]; Unpainted, typ.
+	Accessories	Extruded aluminum, alloy AW 6063 T66 or T6; Aluminum sheet alloy AW 5754 H22	Unpainted, RAL painted, anodized 12 µm (or more upon request)
+	QVB thermo-pads	Polypropylene	Pre-assembled to the wall brackets, typ.
+	Fasteners	Stainless steel or with corrosion resistant coating	

THERMAL PERFORMANCE

The use of thermo-pads reduces thermal bridging. The strength of the extruded materials allows for fewer wall brackets and screw penetrations to the wall compared to other attachment methods. A given system's thermal performance varies significantly depending on the wall build-up, exterior insulation depth, cladding materials, and wall bracket spacing. Project-specific thermal modeling is available upon request.